KS1 and KS2 Maths Calculation Policy

'Together we unlock potential and learn for life'





This policy was approved by the Governing Body of Moor First School at their meeting on:

Signed	Chair of Governors
Signed	Co-Head Teacher
Signed	Co-Head Teacher
Signed	Curriculum Leader

Review FrequencyNext reviewEvery 3 yearsMay 2025

At Moor First, the aim of our calculation policy is to ensure all children receive equity of offer. Calculation procedures are taught according to this document so they can be seamlessly built upon year after year, as the child moves through school.

The policy has been taken and adapted to suit from White Rose Maths. We have found their calculation policy to be the one which works for the needs of our children and suits the way in which we teach Maths. The use of concrete resources and visuals underpins this calculation policy, which is what you would see in a Moor First maths lesson.

The policy goes through:

Addition

Subtraction

Multiplication

Division

Each operation is broken down into skills for the year group and shows recommended models and visuals to support the teaching of the corresponding concepts alongside.

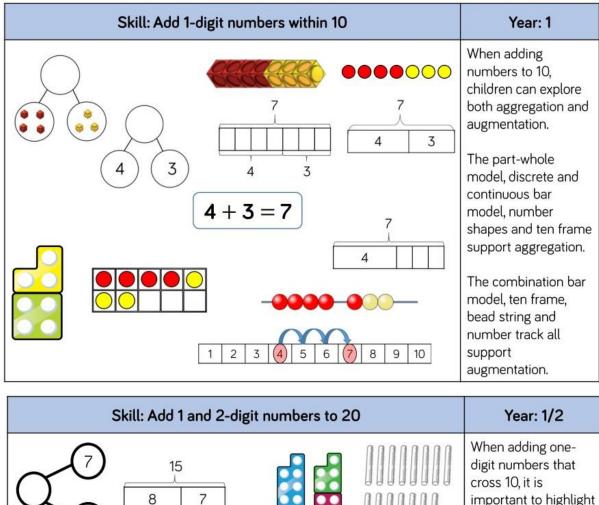
Addition

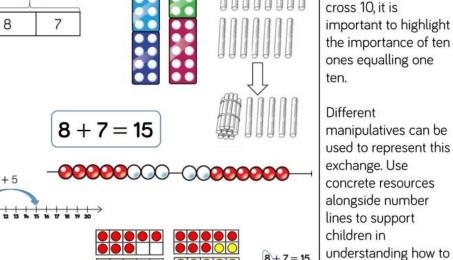
8

8+7=15

5

+2

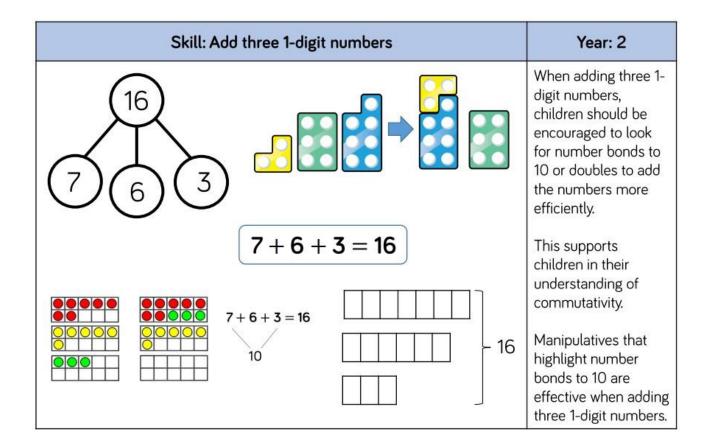




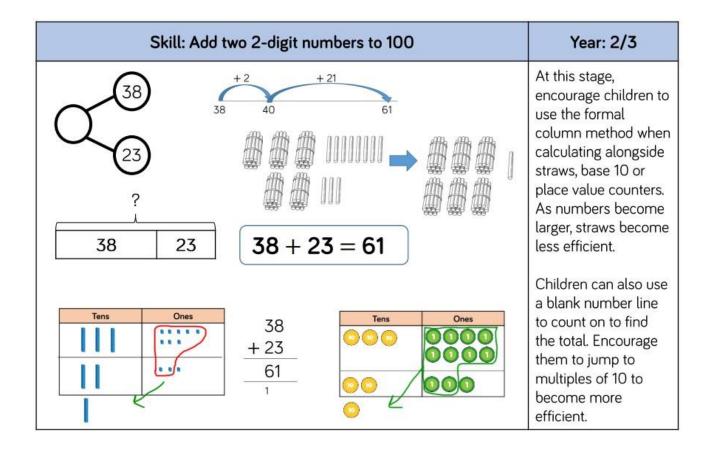
8+7=15

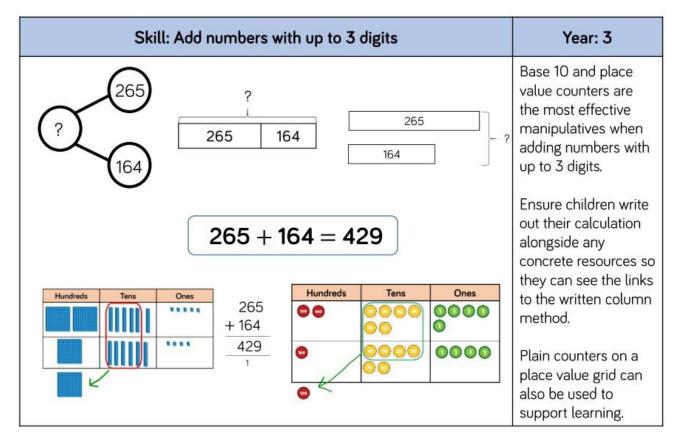
5 2

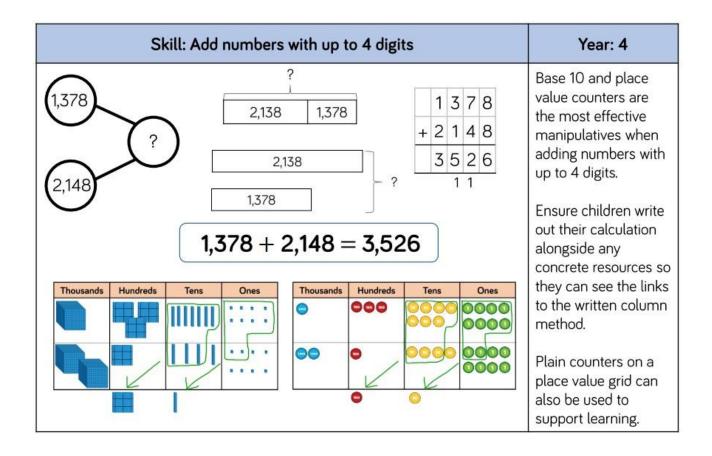
partition their jumps.

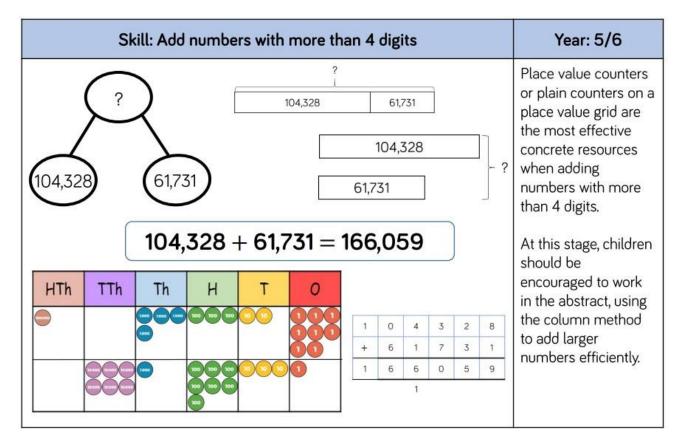


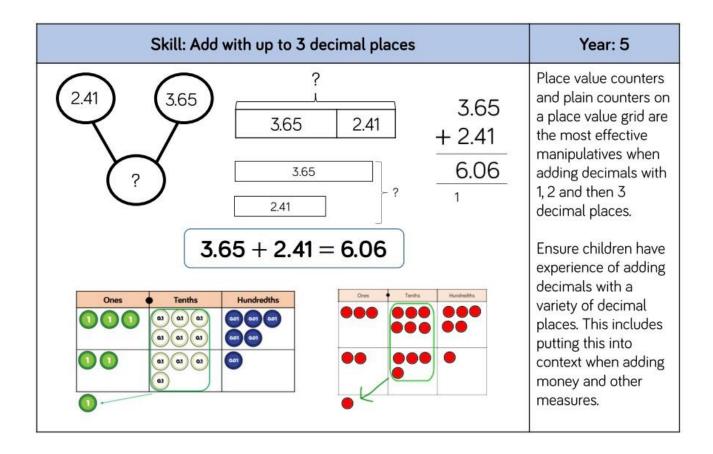
Skill: Add 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 10	Year: 2/3	
$ \begin{array}{c} 38 \\ -35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 4 \\ -5 \\ -38 40 \end{array} $	When adding single digits to a two-digit number, children should be encouraged to count on from the larger number.	
$ \begin{array}{c} ? \\ 38 \\ \hline 38 \\$	43	They should also apply their knowledge of number bonds to
1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 10	add more efficiently
11 12 13 14 15		e.g. $8 + 5 = 13 \text{ so } 38$
21 22 23 24 25 31 32 33 34 35		+5 = 43.
		1 0 - 40.
		Hundred sources and
61 62 63 64 65	5 66 67 68 69 70	Hundred squares and
71 72 73 74 75	5 76 77 78 79 80	straws can support
81 82 83 84 85	5 86 87 88 89 90	children to find the
91 92 93 94 95	5 96 97 98 99 100	number bond to 10.



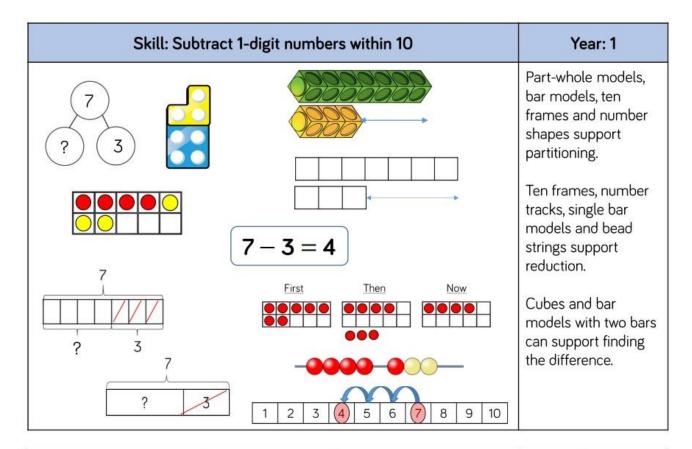


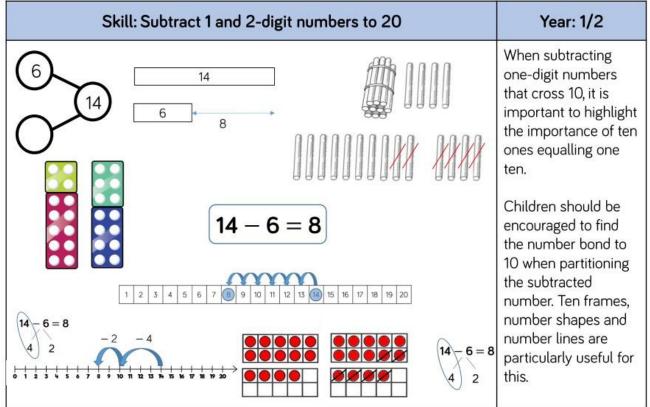


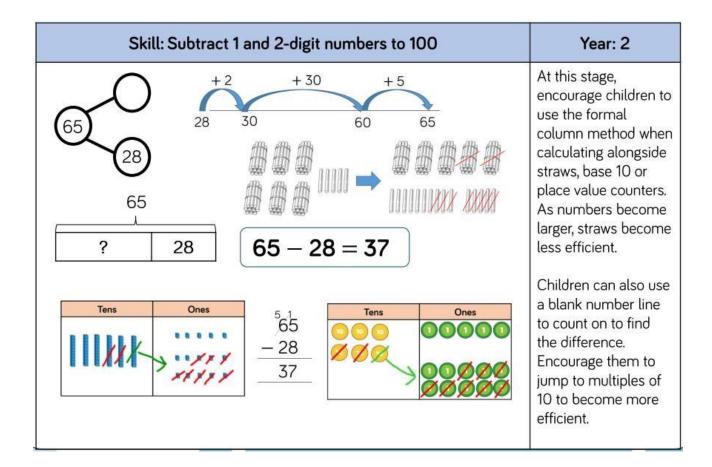


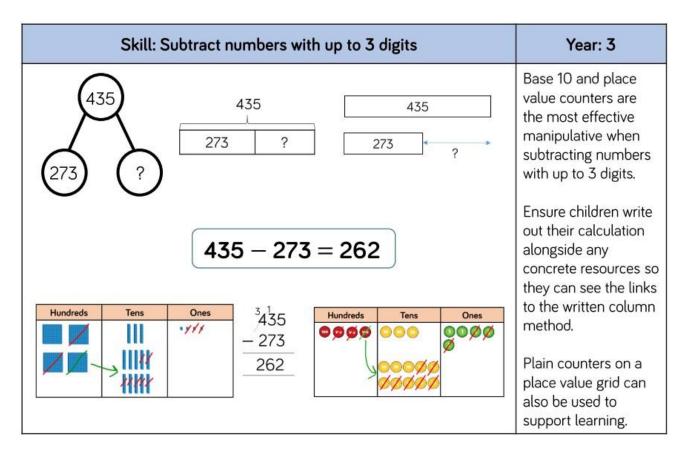


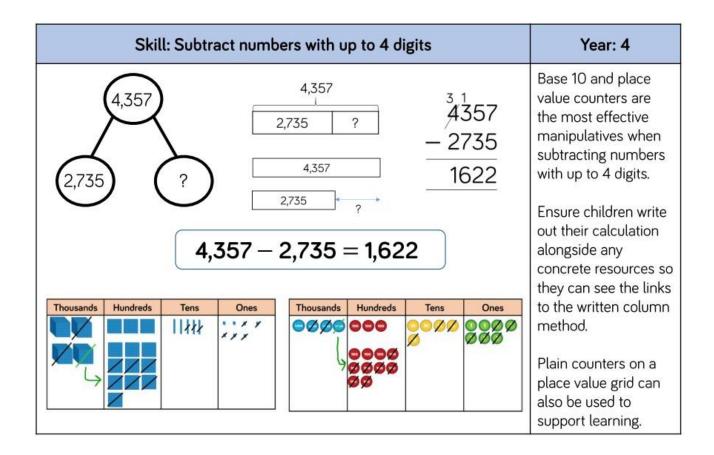
Subtraction

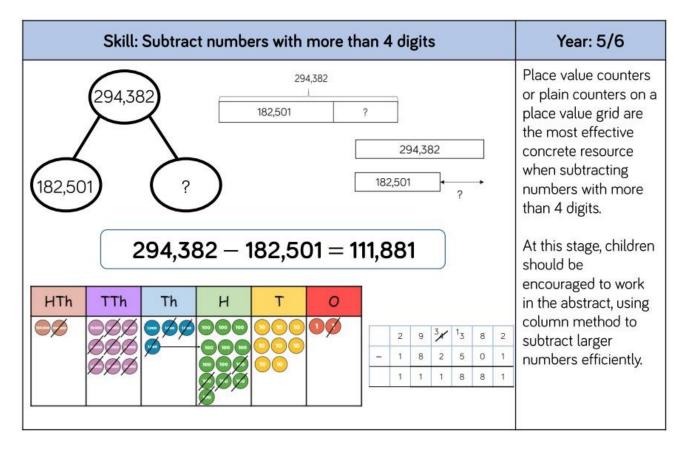


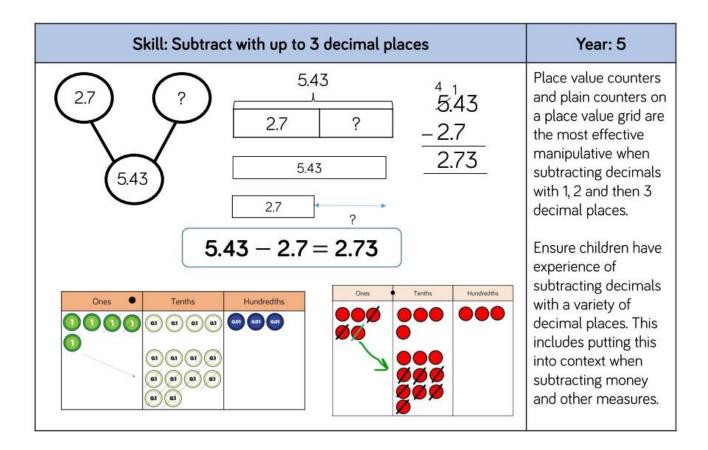












Multiplication

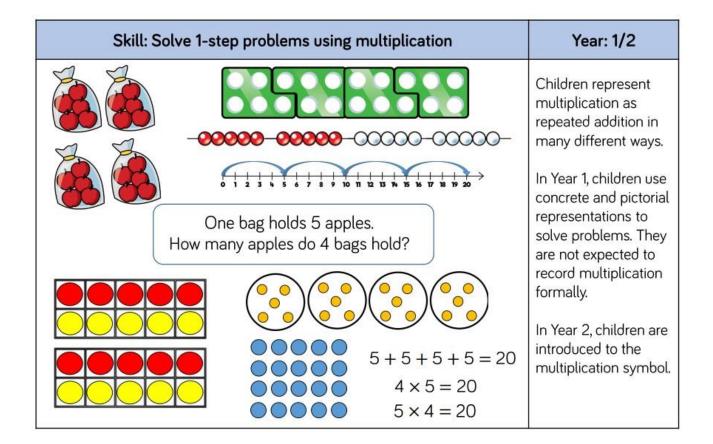
Our calculation policy for multiplication starts with a breakdown of times tables; what should be taught when and what that teaching should look like.

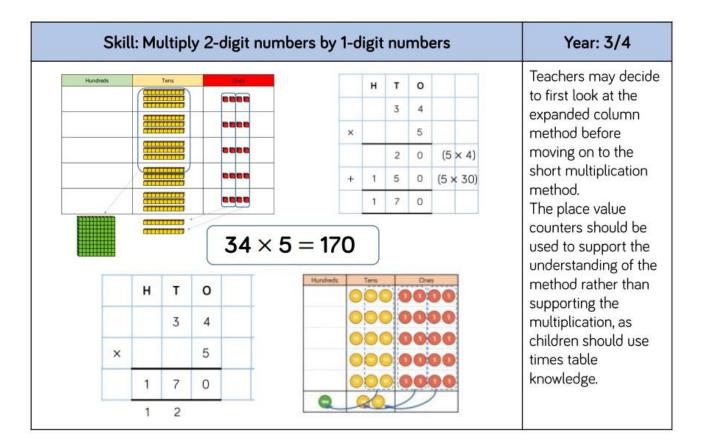
During the Summer Term, the children in Year 4 sit the Multiplication Tables Check in line with the Government's assessment framework.

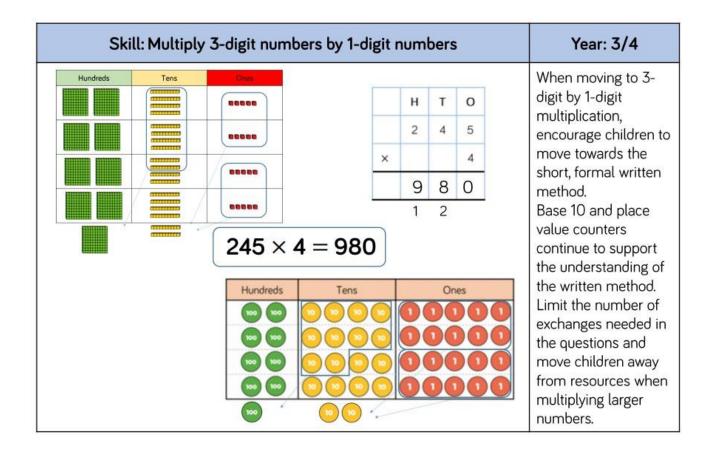
Skill	Year	Representations and models				
Recall and use	2	Bar model	Ten frames			
multiplication and		Number shapes	Bead strings			
division facts for the		Counters	Number lines			
2-times table		Money	Everyday objects			
Recall and use	2	Bar model	Ten frames			
multiplication and		Number shapes	Bead strings			
division facts for the		Counters	Number lines			
5-times table		Money	Everyday objects			
Recall and use	2	Hundred square	Ten frames			
multiplication and		Number shapes	Bead strings			
division facts for the		Counters	Number lines			
10-times table		Money	Base 10			

Skill	Year	Representatio	ns and models
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3-times table	3	Hundred square Number shapes Counters	Bead strings Number lines Everyday objects
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 4-times table	3	Hundred square Number shapes Counters	Bead strings Number lines Everyday objects
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 8-times table	3	Hundred square Number shapes	Bead strings Number tracks Everyday objects
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 6-times table	4	Hundred square Number shapes	Bead strings Number tracks Everyday objects

Skill	Year	Representations and models					
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 7-times table	4	Hundred square Number shapes	Bead strings Number lines				
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 9-times table	4	Hundred square Number shapes	Bead strings Number lines				
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 11-times table	4	Hundred square Base 10	Place value counters Number lines				
Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 12-times table	4	Hundred square Base 10	Place value counters Number lines				





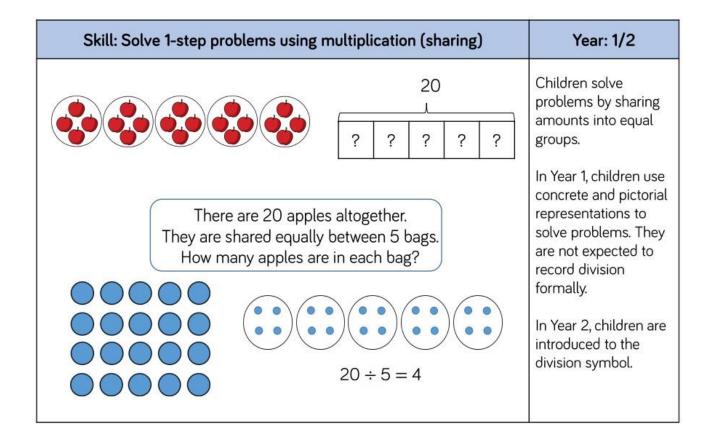


Skill: Multiply 4-	digi	t nur	nbe	rs b	y 1-d	igit numbers	Year: 5
Thousands 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10			© © 3 =	• • • • = 5	5,47	8	When multiplying 4- digit numbers, place value counters are the best manipulative to use to support children in their understanding of the formal written method. If children are multiplying larger
		Th	н	т	ο		numbers and struggling with their
		1	8	2	6		times tables, encourage the use of
	×				3		multiplication grids so
		5	4	7	8		children can focus on
		2		1		5	the use of the written method.

	Skill: Multiply 2-digit numbers by 2-digit numbers											Year: 5
80-	×											When multiplying a multi-digit number b 2-digits, use the area model to help children understand the size of the numbers they are using. This links to finding the area of a rectangle by finding
	B			BB					н	т	0	the space covered b
	l				×	20	2			2	2	the Base 10.
1-					30	600	60	×		3	1	The grid method matches the area
	- 1				1	20	2			2	2	model as an initial
							199 - 1993 1993 - 1993		6	6	0	written method before moving on to
	2	2 × 31	= 682	2					6	8	2	the formal written multiplication

Ski	ill: Multi	Year: 5							
					Th × 1 ⁷ 7	н 2 4 1 ⁰ 4	T 3 3 6 2 8	0 4 2 8 0 8	Children can continue to use the area mode when multiplying 3- digits by 2-digits. Place value counters become more efficient to use but Base 10 can be used to highlight the size on numbers.
			×	200	3	30		4	move towards the formal written method, seeing the
234 ×			30 2	6,000 400	-	00 50	1	20 8	links with the grid method.

Division



Skill: Solve 1-step problems using division (grouping)	Year: 1/2
There are 20 apples altogether. They are put in bags of 5. How many bags are there?	Children solve problems by grouping and counting the number of groups. Grouping encourages children to count in multiples and links to repeated subtraction on a number line. They can use concrete
$20 \div 5 = 4$	concrete representations in fixed groups such as number shapes which helps to show the link between multiplication and division.

