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8	KS1 Growing Up			
	PSHE Association Objectives	Health Objectives	Relationships Objectives	
Lesson 1: Our Bodies	 H25. to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles) H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change R13. to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private 		Respectful Relationships: the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults Being Safe: about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe	
Lesson 2: Is It OK?	 R13. to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private R16. about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe R19. basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe R20. what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard R22. about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous 	 Mental Wellbeing: that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations Mental Wellbeing: how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings 	 Caring Friendships: the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties Caring Friendships: how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed Respectful Relationships: the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs Respectful Relationships: the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness Respectful Relationships: that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority Respectful Relationships: the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults Being Safe: what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context) 	



Resource	PSHE Association Objectives	Health Objectives	 Being Safe: that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact Being Safe: how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult Being Safe: how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard Being Safe: how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so Relationships Objectives
Lesson 3: Pink and Blue	H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all uniqueR23. to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others	Mental Wellbeing: how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings	Respectful Relationships: the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs Respectful Relationships: practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships Respectful Relationships: that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority Respectful Relationships: what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
Lesson 4: Your Family, My Family	 R3. about different types of families including those that may be different to their own R4. to identify common features of family life R5. that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried 	 Mental Wellbeing: that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations Mental Wellbeing: how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings Mental Wellbeing: where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online) 	 Families and People Who Care for Me: that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability Families and People Who Care for Me: the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives Families and People Who Care for Me: that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care Families and People Who Care for Me: that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up



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			 Families and People Who Care for Me: how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed Respectful Relationships: the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs Being Safe: that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact Being Safe: how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult Being Safe: where to get advice, for example family, school or other sources
Resource	PSHE Association Objectives	Health Objectives	Relationships Objectives
Lesson 5: Getting Older	 H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group 	 Mental Wellbeing: that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations Mental Wellbeing: how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings Changing Adolescent Body: key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes 	 Families and People Who Care for Me: that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up Families and People Who Care for Me: that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong Respectful Relationships: the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
Lesson 6: Changes	 H20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group 	 Mental Wellbeing: that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations Mental Wellbeing: how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings Mental Wellbeing: where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online) 	 Families and People Who Care for Me: the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives Caring Friendships: how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends Respectful Relationships: practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships Being Safe: how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard Being Safe: where to get advice, for example family, school or other sources

